Approved For Release 2000/08/26: CIA-RDP62S00231A000100190010-3 Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Acting Chief, Industrial Division, ORR

DATE: 12 November 1959

FROM : Chief, Shipbuilding Branch, ORR

SUBJECT: OSI Comparison of USSR and US Nuclear Submarine Construction

25X1A9a

- 1. The attached table (Table 1) received from in OSI indicates their thinking regarding the maximum capability of the USSR to construct nuclear submarines. Their estimates indicate that the Soviet completions per shipyard per year are only slightly higher than the actual and planned completions per shipyard per year in the US.
- 2. In this connection it is interesting to compare on the same basis the Soviet and US conventionally propelled submarine construction in recent years; Table 2. This shows that on a per shipyard per year basis the Soviet capability far exceeded the US.
- 3. Comparison of capability by completions per shippard per year does not reflect a number of factors which influence the number of submarines built in each country, but it is believed that the general order of magnitude does indicate a capability and a priority assigned the submarine program. On the basis of Table 2, it can thus be estimated that the future completions of nuclear submarines by the USSR will far exceed the OSI estimate.

25X1A9a

Attachments:

Table 1 (1)
Table 2 (1)

NUCLEAR SUBMARINES

COMPARISON OF MAXIMUM ESTIMATED SOVIET PRODUCTION CAPABILITY WITH ACTUAL AND PLANNED U. S. PROGRAM (1952-1964)

	YEAR	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	
USSR (estimated	Submarines*	0	0	0	.0	0	0	1	2	4	8	13	19	25	
		0	0	0	0	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	·
	Submarines com- missioned per year, divided by number of ship- yards in program	0	0	0	0	0	0	1/2	1/3	2/3	4/3	5/3	6/3	6/3	
U.S. (from official ,sources)	Submarines*	0	0 ,	1	1	1	2	2	5	10	16	20	27	33	
	Number of shipyards in program	1	1	1	1	3	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	all alls áithe ag g se c á i
	Submarines com- missioned per year, divided by number of ship- yards in program	0	0	1/1	0	0	1/5	0	3/6	5/6	6,6	4/6	7/6	6./6	aliana kaominina dia paositra di

*Cumulative totals for nuclear powered submarines of all types, in commission in the Fleet.

NOTES: 1. The principal limiting factor is considered to be reactor construction capability, although capability to build the very large, deep diving submarine hulls which are required also enters.

2. This estimate reflects our belief that the USSR will concentrate nuclear submarine construction in fewer shipyards than the U.S. with a resulting higher production rate per shipyard.

3. We estimate that the USSR will build nuclear-powered submarines of the following types: torpedo-armost missile-armed, and a few "peaceful" types (cargo or oceanographic). While it is extremely difficult to estimate the numbers of each type which will be built, we tentatively estimate 14, 9, and 2 respectively by 1964. The "peaceful" types could appear during 1900-61.

Prepared by ASD/OSI and based on joint NED ASD OF 68725 CAA-RDF-62360286A2903-001976 rence with ORR and OCI and ONE.

Convention of Submanues

Approved For Release 2000/08/26: 514-811-82500231A0001001900/10-3 ble 2,

ISSR	Sulmarines *	1950	57	5 2 2 \$	53	107	55	267	5-7 295	58 298	59
	Number of Shippeds in	-/	2	3	4	5	5	4	4	1	1
	Sulmarines completed per year divided by	1/1	6/2	18/3	27/4	55/5	84/5	76/5	28/4	3/	5/1
)	pu year divided by Inwhite of Dupyands in the program.		3	6	63/4	1	17	15/5	7	3	5
u.s.	Satmarines *	· ·		8	" //	/2	12	/3	14	17	20
	Mumber of Shripyands	in interpolation of the second	name talenton	3	4	n				3 1	3
	Submaines coupleted her year divided by number of sluggards on the Phoppal		1/1	7/3	3/2	*		1	11	3/3	3/3
)	on the Boquel.	~ 									
								1.0	The state of the s		
*	Camulatur Total APR	proved For Rel	ease 2000/0	8/26 : CIA-RD	P62S00231A0	00100190010-:					